## 24 SHEEP AND WOOL

(To be offered by the collegiate students of Shri B.D. Toa. College Lakshmangarh, Sikar only)

Scheme:

Min. Pass Marks 48

Max. Marks 132

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

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## Syllabus B.A. Parlel

3 hrs. duration Max. Marks 66 Paper-I 3 hrs. duration Max. Marks 66 Paper-II 4 lirs, duration Min. Pass Marks 24 Max. Marks 68

Practical

Paper-I: Elements of Sheep Husbandry

Livestock population in Rajasthan, India and place of sheep in rural economy of Rajasthan with particular reference to the area.

Historical background of the origin of sheep. Asiastic classification of the world sheep. Important breeds of Indian sheep particularly of Rajasthan.

Regionalisation of sheep in India.

Anatomical and Physiological aspects- Salient features of the skeletal, digestive, reproductive, respiratory, endoctrine system etc.

Physiological: Carbohydrate, Protein, Fat-metabolism.

Sheep: Management of flocks, sheepcare (different stages), housing, feeding etc.

## Paper-II: Elementary Sheep Production

General Management: Counting, docking, castration, branding, tagging, tattoing, weaving, aging, classifying, cutting.

Breeding Management: Case of pregnant ewes, new bron lambs, and breeding rams.

Shearing Management: Time of shearing, washing, grading, packing, storage, shearing sheed equipment and management.

Health Management : Drenching, dipding, vaccination, spraying, mouth wash, foot bath, segregation, are of sick sheep.

Farm Records's Feeding breeding health, production and their maintenance.

Wool Science: Definition of wool terms 'primary grading' physical and chemical properties of wool.

Types of Fibre: Comparison wool fibre with hair and textile fibre.

Practical:

M.in Pass Marks-24 Syllabus: Max pass M. 68

1. Recognition of different breeds of sheep, local and state of Rajasthan, with reference to salient features of difference and utility of their products

2. Study of sheep skeleton.

3. Salient features of digestive organs, respiratory and reproductive organs (male and female)

4. General Management of sheep: Housing (different types of housing, floor area required etc.) Open and closed by stem of housing paddock and sheep. Yards, housing of different categories of sheep.

5. Farm equipments viz. feeding and watering thoughts shearing machines, weighting machines, hoof-pareara, castrating equipment drenching and dosing equipments, branding and tagging equipments etc.

6. General sheep management practices: Identification of animals, ear-tagging etc. Handling and securing of sheep, again by dentition, tagging hoof paring crutching and castration of sheep. Drenching, dosing and dipping of sheep, washing and shearing (hand shearing). Preparation of sheep (both male and female) for breeding purposes. Natural and artificial breeding of sheep viz. use of breeding harness. Collection and insemination seman.

7. Lambing practices and rearing of young ones; Care and management of ewes at lambs and growing stock. Use of foot-bath and mouthwash.

8. Wool Science: Physical Properties of wool including microscopic study comparing it with hair and artificial-fibers, Primary grading of wool; Microscopic study of fibers.

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