

### IMPORTANT

With a view to bring about greater reliability, validity and objectivity in the examination system and also for closer integration of teaching, learning and evaluation.

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into units. Questions will be set from each unit with provision for internal choice.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portion of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examinations.

[Ref. Resolution No. 21 (c) of Academic Council dated 9-2-84]

The examinees be permitted to use their personal transistorised pocket battery operated calculators in the examinations. The calculator to be used by the candidates in the examinations should not have more than 12 digits, 6 functions and 2 memories and should be noiseless and cordless. A calculator belonging to one candidate shall not be allowed to be used by another candidate. The Superintendent of the centre will have complete discretion to disallow the use of a calculator which does not conform to the above specification.

[Ref. Res. No. 6/90 of Academic Council dated 20th July, 1990]

In Engineering and any other examinations where the use of calculators is already permitted, it shall remain undisturbed.

### NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfil 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75% attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

> REGISTRAR (Academic)

#### S.No. Qualification Name Designation 1. Prof. (Miss) Chandan Bala Professor LL.M., Ph.D. 2. Dr. Sunil Asopa Associate Professor LL.M., Ph.D. 3. Dr. V.K. Bagoria Assistant Professor LL.M., Ph.D. 4. Dr. S.P. Meena Assistant Professor LL.M., DCLL, Ph.D. 5. Dr. Nidhi Sandal Assistant Professor LL.M., Ph.D. Dr. Dalpat Singh Assistant Professor LL.M., DCLL, Ph.D. 6. 7. Dr. P.K. Musha Assistant Professor LL.M., Ph.D. 8. Dr. Kuchata Ram Assistant Professor LL.M., Ph.D. 9. Dr. Vinod Kumar Meena Assistant Professor LL.M., Ph.D.

### FACULTY OF LAW LIST OF TEACHING STAFF

#### Format of Question Paper (From Examination 2018-2019 to 2021-2022)

### B.A.LL.B. & B.B.A. LL.B. - I to VIII Semester

**Durations 3 Hours** 

Max. Marks: 50

#### Section-A

One questions from each Unit. Each question carry 3 mark. Answer of each question shall be limited upto 200 words.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

## Section-B

10 Question will be asked (Two questions from each Unit with internal choice). Students will answer one question from each Unit. Each question will carry 7 marks. Answer of each question shall be limited upto 500 words.

Unit – 1 Question A or B Unit – 2 Question A or B Unit – 3 Question A or B Unit – 4 Question A or B Unit – 5 5 Question A or B

### **New Pattern of Examinations From 2018-19**

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B. Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each Unit. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question will carry 3 marks.

Part-B : There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

For a pass, a candidate must obtain :

(a) 40 percent marks in each written, paper, i,e 20 out of 50 and in aggregate 40 percent

marks in individual paper.

(b) 50 percent marks in aggregate in all the papers.

(A) Introduction: Faculty of Law, Jai Narain Vyas University is a mission driven institution. It is among the oldest Law School of North India. Since, its inception as an erstwhile Jaswant Law Centre, it has produced a galaxy of Legal Luminaries including Judges of Supreme Court, High Court, diplomats, eminent politicians and legislators together with top beaurocrates in the Country.

Jai Narin Vyas University has already been accredited with 'B' grade status by (UGC) NAAC. Banking upon its history of quality research along with long and excellent teaching experience, it is going to introduce new five year integrated law course from the academic year 2011-2012 to prepare new generation of Law students who can successfully meet the challenges thrown by fast changing social cultural and legal milieu in a unipolar globalized world.

Apart from producing successful lawyers and legal researchers, it is dedicated to nurturing students in to leadership inculcating in them the intellectual and ethical values that will mould them into socially responsible professionals, proficient in the dynamic domain of Law. Legal education is increasingly becoming multidimensional as it requires not only procedural skill but deep understanding in various epistemologies. For this integrated degree courses like law and management or Law and Social Sciences or Law and Natural Science are becoming popular and assuming much importance in the corporate world. Legal skills are now mixed with management or scientific analytical skills to advance the rational judicial system, with this backdrop, the new curriculum of five year integrated courses in Law is based upon these paradigms.

This course will run on Self-Finance Basis.

#### (B) General Instructions for the Five Year BA LL.B. & BBA LL.B. (Professional)

**Degree in the Faculty of Law:** Whereas the Bar Council of India in exercise of its powers under section 7(b) and (i), 24 & 49(i) of the Advocates Act, 1961 and all other powers enabling it to lay down standards of legal education in the country for the purpose of admission to the Bar, has originally prepared a new scheme for legal education in 1981-82 and has updated/revised it from time to time and directed the universities to implement the same in consonance with the rules framed, and whereas the JN Vyas University which already implemented the scheme in 1983-84 and continued it up to 1991 & then closed it for some extraneous considerations. It has again decided to reintroduce the scheme with modifications / alterations in consonance with the rules and regulations framed for the purpose by BCI.

**The Degree of Bachelor of Law:** There shall be a Five Year Course of the degree of BA LL.B. & BBA LL.B. (Professional) in the JN Vyas University, Jodhpur. The University shall confer the Degree of BA LL.B./BBA LL.B. (Professional) on such candidates who, being eligible for admission to the five year LL.B. Degree Course, have received regular instructions in the prescribed course of study, under gone required practical training, passed all the prescribed examinations and have fulfilled such other conditions as are laid down under the relevant Act, statutes and Regulations of the University from time to time.

The Five year course for the Degree of BA. LL.B. & BBA LL.B. (Professional) on Semester basis shall be introduced w.e.f. the Academic Session 2011-2012.

**Explanation:** A regular course of study includes the prescribed percentage of attendance by the candidates in the lectures, tutorials, moot courts and practical training and also study in the library, contact with the teachers as may be prescribed from time to time by the Dean, Faculty of Law.

Admission can not be claimed by any candidate as a matter of right. The Dean may refuse admission to any candidate on moral grounds. The admission of a student is liable to be cancelled if he/she at any time violates the provisions of the University Act, Statutes, Regulations, Rules or Orders of the Faculty and the University or if he/she is found to have been convicted of a crime or involved in any criminal activity or if it is discovered that he/she has furnished wrong information or false documents for the purpose of his/her admission.

#### **Admission Requirement**

**Eligibility and Admission** (a) A candidate who has passed 10+2 qualifying examination with 50% marks or more may opt either B.A. LL.B. Course or BBA LL.B. Courses. In both the streams in the First Four Semesters there shall be some core courses and optional courses. Candidates of both the streams i.e. B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B. are required to clear common papers in addition to their optional papers. After passing the first Four Semesters of LL.B.

Examination from 5th Semester of LL.B. onwards, the main regular Law papers as prescribed by the Bar Council of India shall be taught.

(b) That in the case of candidates belonging to scheduled castes or scheduled tribes a relaxation up to 5 percent in marks in qualifying examination shall be given. The candidates who have passed in supplementary of the qualifying examination shall not be eligible for admission. Admission shall be made on the basis of merit and in the manner prescribed by the University.

**Fees:** Candidates on being provisionally admitted to the First Semester of Five Year BA LL.B. & BBA LL.B. Degree Course, shall pay a total annual fee of Rs. 38000/- (Tuition Rs. 28000, Admission Rs. 4,000, Library Rs. 4,000 and caution money Rs. 2000, total Rs. 46990) excluding university fee & Examination Fee.

**Number of Students to be admitted:** Initially 60 students shall be given admission in the First Semester in each stream i.e. B.A. LL.B. & BBA LL.B. of 5 year integrated course in law i.e. total 120 students shall be given admission.

**Attendance**: In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfill 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75% attendance of a student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

**Medium of Instruction and Examination**: The medium of instruction and scheme of examination shall be English.

**Scheme of Examination**: Each paper shall be of 100 marks; however the scheme of examination for 100 marks is divided as under

(a) There shall be two terminal tests 30 marks are for each test. Out of these two performances marks of one best performance will be taken into consideration while preparing the result.

(b) A project report/ moot court on important topic of Law / social sciences and management discipline will be submitted and presented by each student on a date fixed by the Dean Faculty of Law in consultation with Course Coordinator.

/ Marks allotted for Project Report / Moot Courts 20

(c) Marks allotted for final written examination at the end of the semester are 50.

Total Marks 30+20+50=100 Marks.

A Candidate has to secure 40% marks in theory paper i.e. 20 out of 50 and 40% in aggregate in each paper to clear that paper.

A candidate who has secured minimum 40% marks in aggregate in each paper and 50% in aggregate of all the subjects will be declared passed.

**Division**- The Division shall be awarded to a successful candidate on the basis of marks of all the examinations in respect of all the Semesters and will be given second division and who has secured 60% and more marks will be given first division.

#### **Course Design**

A candidate for the Degree of Bachelor of Law (Professional) shall undertake the following course for which the syllabus in detail is as under :

The Course is divided for students opting either B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B, however both categories of students are required to study certain common compulsory subjects with their optional subjects in the Semester of Five Year LL.B. Courses.

Course Code	Subjects	Maximum Marks	Examination Hours	Period Per Week	T/P Per Week
5.5.1	Family Law (Hindu Law)	100	3	4	1
5.5.2	Public International Law	100	3	4	1
5.5.3	Criminal Procedure Code, Juvenile Justice and Law of Probation	100	3	4	1
5.5.4	Administrative Law	100	3	4	1
5.5.5	Law of Crimes	100	3	4	1
5.5.6 (A)	Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relationship				
OR	OR	100	3	4	1
5.5.6 (B)	Insurance and Actuarial Law (Loss & Risk Assessment)				
5.5.7	French Language	100	3	4	1

B.A. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B. - SEMESTER - V

### For V - Semester

- (A) Scheme of Examination: Each paper shall be of 100 marks, however the scheme of examination for 100 marks is divided as under :
  - (i) Every student is required to participate in one Moot Court in one semester. For participation in each Moot Court will be of 20 marks.

The break up of marks for award out of 20 marks shall be as follows : 12 marks for presentation, 4 marks for written submission and 4 marks for general etiquettes and dress code (12+4+4 = 20 marks).

(ii) The cases for Moot Courts shall be selected either from the leading cases prescribed in each paper or any case or cases suggested by the concerned teacher of the concerned subject.

#### In Semester 5.5 (Fifth Semester)

1. In place of Moot Courts in Papers 5.5.6 (A) Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relationship **OR** 5.6.6 (B) Insurance and Actuarial Law (Loss & Risk Assessment) students will submit their projects assigned by their teachers carrying 20 marks on rest of the subjects, students will have to appear in Moot Courts which will be of 20 marks.

- 2. In Paper 5.5.7 (French Language) students will submit their projects assigned by their teachers carrying 20 marks in rest of the subjects, students will have to appear in Moot Courts which will be of 20 marks.
- 3. French language paper is added as foreign language which is required for Five Years LL.B. students. Candidates are required to secure passing marks 40%. French language paper will be in V Semester. There shall be Two tests of 15 marks each (15x2 = 30). There will also be one project work of 20 marks. Marks allotted for final written examination at the end of the Semester are 50.
- 4. Total marks 30 + 20 + 50 = 100 marks
- 5. Marks of French language paper will not be added in the total marks of the candidates.

Note: - Total Marks for Each Paper will be as under :-

Theory Marks	Term Test Marks		Total Marks	2
50	30	20	100	

L Stands for Lecture of 55 minutes

T Stands for Tutorials

P Stands for Project

The Five Year Degree Course of B.A. LL.B. / BBA LL.B. will consist of Ten Semesters. One academic session of one year will be divided into two Semesters. Candidates shall be admitted to B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B. in First Semester only and thereafter required to qualify all Ten Semesters, consequently to earn the degree of B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B. After admission in Semester I, candidate shall be admitted to the next Semester only after having qualified the present Semester as per the criteria laid down in the scheme of examinations.

**Note:** (1) Students will be required to take admission in all respective Semesters by applying in the prescribed admission form of the University. (2) Each student will be required to submit the examination form in each Semester along with the examination fee as prescribed. (3) Semester examinations will be held in the month of December and May every year.

**The Promotion**: A candidate will be promoted in the next semester if he/she fails in only three papers in the examination of the semester and obtained 50 % marks in aggregate in rest of the papers or in the case of the candidates failing in the aggregate only and secured 50% percent marks in the the rest of the papers excluding the paper in which they have secured lowest marks.

Such candidates may be permitted to make-up the deficiency at subsequent but regular and scheduled programmes / examinations only. Subsequent examinations of the respective semesters will be treated as main examination. There shall be no make-up or special examination for making up such deficiency.

Also a candidates appearing at an examination to make up the deficiency shall have to appear at such examination based on the Course of Studies in force at the time, unless the paper itself no longer forms the part of the course of the studies. In such eventuality the course of the study soon before the deletion shall be deemed to be relevant. However, the department shall have no responsibility to organize and impart teaching in the paper in which the candidate has deficiency.

Those candidates who appeared at the subsequent examination for clearing the deficiency shall be awarded actual marks obtained.

The candidate who fails at main written examination and re-appears as ex-student shall not be required to clear the written tests / Project Report / Moot Courts / Practical Training/ Legal Aid Camps respectively. If he/she was already completed the above referred requirements and passed.

In such cases the marks obtained in the previous examination shall be carried forward.

A candidate failing to pass any of the Semester Examination will be exempted to reappear in that specific paper in which he/she has obtained 60% or more. The consolidated mark sheet of B.A. LL.B. or BBA LL.B. will be issued and the degree will be awarded only after completing all the requirements i.e. passing in aggregate in all the main written examinations of all the Ten Semester, and passing the three written tests in each Semester along with Project Report / Moot Courts / Practical Training / Legal Aid Camps respectively. Thus to clear a semester a candidate is required to get minimum 50% marks in aggregate inclusive of marks obtained in the written tests, Project Report / Moot Courts / Practical Training / Legal Aid Camps respectively. However a minimum of 40% marks is required in each individual subject.

**Note 1**: For grace-marks and revaluation the rules and regulations declared by the University from time to time will be applicable.

**Note 2:** All candidates will have to complete all the requirements of the B.A. LL.B./BBA LL.B. within 10 Semesters.

B.A. LL.B. of	r BBA LL.B. de	gree will be awarded	out of 6800 marks
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B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester I	800 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester II	800 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester III	800 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester IV	800 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester V	600 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester VI	600 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester VII	600 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester VIII	600 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester XI	600 Marks
B.A. LL.B. / B.B.A. LL.B.	Semester X	600 Marks

#### B.A. LL.B./BBA LL.B. V Semester

#### 5.5.1 FAMILY LAW (HINDU LAW)

Note :-

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B. Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each Unit. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question will carry 3 marks.

Part-B : There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

- Unit 1: Hindu Law : Sources, schools and application. Coparcenary, Joint family property and self-acquired property, Karta and his powers and obligation. Debts-Doctrine of pious obligation, Antecedent debt
- Unit 2: The Hindu Law: Religious and Charitable Endowments-essentials of an endowment. Kinds Shebait and Mahant

Partition : Meaning, property for partition, persons entitled to claim partition and allotment of shares, partition how effected, Determination of Share, Reopening of partition. Re-union

- Unit 3: The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 : Nature, kinds and Conditions of a Hindu marriage, ceremonies for Hindu marriage, Registration of Hindu marriage, Void and voidable marriages.
- Unit 4: The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 : Restitution of conjugal rights, Judicial separation. Legitimacy of children of void and voidable marriages, Divorce, Theories of divorce. Distinction between divorce and voidable marriages
- Unit 5 : The Hindu Marriage Ac,1955 : Divorce, grounds available to spouses, Alternative relief in divorce proceedings, Divorce by mutual consent, and ancillary remedies under the, Act, divorced persons when may marry again, Jurisdiction and procedure

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

Mulla : Principles of Hindu Law Ragh vachariar : Hindu Law-Principles and Precedent Paras Diwan : Modern Hindu Law Sharma, K.P. : Hindu Law (Hindi)

#### 5.5.2 PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

Note :-

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B.
  Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each Unit. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question

will carry 3 marks. Part-B : There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

- Unit 1: Definition, Nature and Basis of International Law, Is International Law a true Law? Weaknesses of International Law Codification and development of International Law, Relation between International Law and State Law, Sources of International Law, Subjects of International Law, Place of individual in International Law.
- Unit 2: Source of International Law, Nationality, Extradition and Asylum
- Unit 3: States in general, Kinds of States and Non-State entities, Acquisition and loss of State Territory, Territorial water, Continental Self, Contiguous zone and exclusive economic zone, Freedom of the High Sea and Piracy
- Unit 4: Recognition of States and Governments, Recognition of Insurgency and belligerency, de facto and de jure recognition, State succession, state Jurisdiction
- Unit 5: State Responsibility, Intervention, Diplomatic agents, Counsels. Classification and Functions of diplomatic agents, Privileges and Immunities of diplomatic agents with reference to Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relation Act, 1961.

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

Starke : An Introduction of Internatinoal Law Briggs: Law of Nations Kapoor, S.K. : International Law Tandon, M.P. : Public International Law

#### 5.5.3 CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE JUVENILE JUSTICE AND LAW OF PROBATION

Note :-

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B. Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each

Unit. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question will carry 3 marks. Part-B : There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each

unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

- Unit 1: The Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 : Object and salient features of Code 1973, Definitions, Territorial division and classification (Chapter II, Omitting Ss. 10, 14, 15, 19,22 and 23), Powers (Chapter III, Ss. 26 to 31)
- Unit 2 : Aid to the Magistrates and the Police (Chapter IV Ss. 37-40), Arrest of Persons (Chapter V), Process to compel appearance) Chapter-VI)
- Unit 3 : Process to compel production of things (Chapter VII, ; 91to 101) Security for keeping peace and for Good behaviour (Chapter VIII), Maintenance of Wives, Children and Parents (Chapter IX)
- Unit 4 : Maintenance of Public Order and Tranquility (Chapter X), Preventive Action of the Police) Chapter XI)
- Unity 5: Information to the Police and their powers of investigation (Chapter XI), Jurisdiction of the Criminal Courts in inquiries and trial (Chapter XIII), Limitation for taking cognizance of certain offences (Chapter XXXVI).

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

Ratanlal : Code of Criminal Procedure

Sexena R.N. : Criminal Procedure Code,

Kelker R.V. : Outlines of Criminal Procedure Code

#### 5.5.4 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Note :-

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B. Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each
  - Unit. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question will carry 3 marks.

Part-B : There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

- Unit 1 : Definition, Nature, Scope & Development of Administrative Law, Relationship between Administrative Law and Constitutional Law, Sources of Administrative Law, Government Administrative Authorities and Bodies
- Unit 2 : Separation of powers, Rule of Law, the Extent of Executive power, Administrative Finality and the Court Review
- Unit 3: Delegated Legislation : Nature, Scope, Forms, Necessity, Control including Judicial, Parliamentary and Legislative. Conditional Legislation and Subdelegation, Henry VIII Clause
- Unit 4: Principles of Natural Justice and their Control, Doctrine of Bias, Audi Alteram Partem, Right to Consult, Reasoned Decision

Unit 5: Administrative Adjudication : Reasons for growth, Structure and procedure of Administrative Bodies like Tribunals; Kinds of Tribunals, Finality of the Tribunal decision

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

Joshi, K.C. : Administrative Law Kagzi & Jain, M.C. : The Administrative Law Massey : Administrative Law Jain & Jain : Administrative Law Kesari, U.P.D. : Administrative Law .

#### 5.5.5 LAW OF CRIMES

Note :-

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B. Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each
  - Unit. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question will carry 3 marks.

Part-B : There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

- Unit 1 : Definition of Crime, Elements of Crime, Stages of Crime, Doctrine of Mens rea, Territorial jurisdiction of I.P.C. (Ss. 1-5), General Explanation : Person, Judge, Court, Public servant, movable property, wrongful gain and wrongful loss. Dishonestly Fraudulently.
- Unit 2 : General Explanations: Counterfeit, Document, Valuable Security, 'act' and `omission to act', voluntarily, illegal, injury, offence, Life, Good faith, Harbour.
  Joint and Constructive Liability: Common intention, Common Object, Kinds of Punishment under I.P.C., Solitary Confinement.
- Unit 3 : General Exceptions : Mistake of facts, Mistake of law, Judicial acts, Accident, acts done without criminal intention and to prevent other harm, act of child, act of person of unsound mind, act of intoxicated person.
- Unit 4 : General Exceptions :Acts done with consent and without consent, communication made in good faith, acts done under compulsion, act causing slight harm; Right of private defence,
- Unit 5 : Abetment, Criminal conspiracy, offences against state: Sedition (S.124A), Offences affecting Public Peace and State authorities : Unlawful assembly, Riot, Affray, Giving false evidence, fabricating false evidence

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

Ratanlal : The Indian Penal Code (Students edition) Gaur, K.D. : Criminal Law, Cases and Material Bhattacharya T. : The Indian Penal Code Gour, H.S. : The Penal Law of India Singh, Jaipal : The Indian Penal Code Saxena, R.N. : The Indian Penal Code

#### 5.5.6 (A) EQUITY, TRUST AND FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP

Note :-

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B. Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each
  - Unit. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question will carry 3 marks.

Part-B : There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

- Unit 1: Equity: Definition, Place and functions of equity, Nature and Scope of equity, Classification of Equity jurisdiction, classification of Equitable Rights.
- Unit 2: Equity under Roman, English and Indian Legal System, Origin and Development of Equity in England, Eqity-its relation with the Common Law.
- Unit 3: The Judicature Acts: Courts of Equity and Judicature Acts, Effects of Judicature Acts, Present Relation of Law and Equity. Nature of Equitable Rights and Interests.

Unit 4 : Maxims of equity,

Unit 5: Trust: Definitions, Significance, Kinds of Trusts. Indian Trust Act, 1882 : Essentials & Creation of Trusts.

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

Upadhyaya, J.J.R. : Equity, Trusts with Fiduciary. Relations and Specific Relief Gandhi, B.M.: Equity, Trusts and Specific Relief Varadachri, VK.: Public Trusts and Taxation

#### **OPTIONAL**

# 5.5.6 (B) Insurance and Actuarial Law (Loss & Risk Assessment)

#### Note :-

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B.

Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each Unit. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question will carry 3 marks.

Part-B : There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

- Unit 1 : Insurance: Definition, nature and history of insurance, Concept of Insurance and law of contract and law of torts, future of insurance in globalized economy, History and development of insurance in India, Insurance Regulatory Authority : Role and functions.
- Unit 2 : General principles of law of Insurance : Contract of Insurance, classification, nature and Parties of Contract of Insurance, Principles of good faith, Misrepresentation in insurance contract; insurable interest; the risk; the policy, classification of policies: its forms and contents, its commencement, duration, cancellation, alteration, rectification, renewal, assignment, construction; Conditions of the policy.
- Unit 3 : Life Insurance: Nature and scope of life insurance, definition, kinds of life insurance, the policy and formation of a life insurance contract; Event insured against life insurance contract.
- Unit 4 : Life Insurance : Circumstances affecting the risk; Amounts recoverable under life policy; Persons entitled to payment; Settlement of claim and payment of money.
- Unit 5 :Marine Insurance: Nature and scope; Classification of marine policies; the Marine Insurance Act 1963 : Aims & salient features of the Act.

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

Mishra, M.N.: Insurance-Principles and Practices

Rao, C.K. : Treaties on the Law of Insurance The Insurance Act, 1938 The Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956

Karkara, G.S. : Commentary on Public Liability Insurance Act Murthy and Sharma: Modern Law of Insurance in India

#### 5.5.7 VII – French Language

Note :-

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into five units.
- (ii) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (iii) The question paper will be divided into two part i.e. Part-A and Part-B.

Part-A consists of five compulsory questions. One question will be asked from each Unit. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 200 words. Each question will carry 3 marks. Part-B : There will be ten questions in which two questions will be asked from each unit with provision of internal choice Carrying 7 marks each. The answer of these questions will be limited upto 500 words.

Unit 1: Alphabets Vowels and Consonants,

Genders, Numbers Article (indefinite) Pronunciation : Othographic rules concerning written account marks. Sentence strcture, punctuation rules. Nouns : (Singular and Plural) Pronouns Article : (Definite) Adjective : (Colour and Shapes) Proposition Unit 2 : La personnes : (the persons)

- La choses : (the things) La Matiere : (the materials) Basic Verb : ETRE : (to be) 3 forms Verb : Avoir (to have) Ordinal Numbers Possessive Adjective (Singular and Plural) Le corps : (the body)
- Unit 3 : Verb : 1<sup>st</sup> Group Present (Indefinite)

Comparative articles L'heure (the hour)

Unit 4 : Verb - 2<sup>nd</sup> Group Le jour – the day Le mois – the month L anne'c – the year Les seasons – the seasons

Demonstrative Adjectives Les measures (the mea) L'age – (the age) La maison – (the house) La famille – (the family) Unit 5 : Verb –  $3^{rd}$  group

Tebnse – Passe' Compose (Past Simple) Partitive articles Les repas – (the meals)

#### **Prescribed Text:**

Course de language it. De civilization Francaises, volume I, Lesson 26 -50 Modern French course dendo.