

- M. J. and Rogers, J.W. 1987 Precambrian Geology of India. Oxford
- H. 1968 A Manual of Geology of India and Burma Vol. IV Govt

Studies of stratigraphical formations significant for paleontological and Sedimentological and visual environmental impact studies. The duration of field training be for three weeks. Geological mapping with emphasis on lithological, structural and geomorphological features. The duration of field training be for three weeks.

Attendance is compulsory and students not taking part in the training shall not be allowed to appear in the examination.

M. Sc. FINAL GEOLOGY

Paper - VII: Resource Geology

Note: The paper will contain nine questions having three question from each section, candidates are required to attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each section.

Section A

Magma and its relation with mineral deposit. The development of various theories of ore formation, Classification for ore deposits. Processes of ore formation: magmatic concentration, contact metamorphism, hydrothermal, Residual and mechanical concentration, sedimentation, metamorphism, supergene enrichment, Bacteriogenic, and volcanic gas exhalations, Stratabound and Stratiform ore deposits.

Fluid inclusion in ores : Principles, assumptions, limitations, and applications

Study of Stable and unstable isotopes in relation to ore deposits.

Section B

Mode of occurrence of ore bodies - morphology and relationship with host rocks. Textures, Paragenesis and Zoning of ore and their significance. Concept of ore bearing fluid and deposition of ore. Their origin, migration, Wall rock alteration, Structural and stratigraphic control of ore localization. Metallogenic provinces and epochs

Metallogenesis in relation to Plate tectonics. Metallic mineral resources in India: mode of occurrence, use and distribution in India of Copper, Lead-Zinc, Aluminium, Iron, Manganese and Chromium.

Section C

Definition and origin of Coal, Rank grade and type of coal. Indian and International Classification Geological and geographical distribution of Coal deposits in India, Detailed geology for some coal bearing fields of India.

Oil and gas: Its nature and composition. Origin and migration (primary and secondary) of Oil and gas. Characteristics of Reservoir rocks and traps (structural & stratigraphic) geology of oil bearing

basins of India, position of oil and natural gas in India, future prospects and the economic Scenario.

Atomic Fuel: Mode of occurrence Distribution of atomic minerals in India. Brief outline of the following important deposits; Bushveld chromite kuruko deposit iron Porphyry copper deposit.

Practical:

Megascopic study of structures and fabrics of different minerals and their associations. Mineralogical and textural studies of common ore minerals under ore-microscope and petrological study of other industrial and nonmetallic minerals. Diagrammatic representation of open cast and underground mining. Exercises on mine sampling and determination of tenor, cut-off grades and ore reserves

Books Recommended:

- Bateman, A.M. (1951), Economic Mineral Deposits.
- Brown, J.C. and A.K. Dey (1955) India's Mineral Wealth
- Sinha, R.K. and Geology of Ore Deposits
- Wolfe, J.A. (1984) Mineral Resources - A World Review
- Mookhejee, A., 2000 : Ore genesis - A Holistic Approach, Alltec Publisher.

Paper VIII : Igneous & Metamorphic Petrology

Note : The paper will contain nine questions having three question from each section, candidates are required to attempt five questions in all selecting at least one question from each section.

Section A

Magma - Origin and emplacement; factors affecting magma generation, differentiation and Assimilation. Mineralogical, chemical and tectonic classification of igneous rocks; principles of IUGS systematics.

Crystallization of silicate melt-phase rule, crystallization behavior of albite-anorthite; albite-orthoclase; Forsterite-silica; Nephelene-Kalsilite-silica, Quartz-Albite-Anorthite-Orthoclase.

Section B

Petrography, mode of occurrence, classification and petrogenesis of granites, alkaline rocks, anorthosites, pegmatites, lamprophyre, basalt, ultramafic rocks and rocks suites

Metamorphism, its limits and variables. Phase rule and phase diagrams: ACF, AKF and AFM; their application in understanding mineral paragenesis and parentage.

Section C

Metamorphic zones, facies and grade, fabric and mode of occurrence of metamorphic rocks, Facies of low pressure (contact metamorphism) and of medium pressure metamorphism-greenschist, amphibolite and granulite. Facies of high pressure (eclogite and blue schist facies). Origin of migmatites in light of experimental studies. Origin of charnockites. Elements of Geothermometry, P-T paths of regionally metamorphosed rocks. Metamorphism and crustal evolution.

Raj / Jas
 Dy. Registrar
 (Academic)
 University of Rajasthan

Igneous Petrology

Description and identification of important igneous rocks in hand specimen and thin section.

Graphical presentation of geochemical data and its interpretation. Calculation of CIPW and Niggli values. Geographic distribution of important igneous episodes of India.

Metamorphic Petrology

Description and identification of important metamorphic rocks in hand specimen and thin section.

Graphical presentation of geochemical data - ACF and AKF diagram and their interpretation.

Geographic distribution of important metamorphic terrains of India.

Books recommended

- Flett, F.J. 1980 : Metamorphic Petrology. McGraw Hill, New York.
- Tracy, B.W. 1989 : An Introduction to Metamorphic Petrology. Longman, New York.
- Spear K. and Frey, M. 1994 : Petrogenesis of Metamorphic Rocks Springer Verlag.
- Gupta, A. 1992 : Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology Prentice Hall.
- Gupta M.G. 1986 : Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, CBS Publishers.
- Gupta M.K. 1997 : Igneous Petrology, World Press, Kolkata.
- Prasad Rao : Metamorphic Petrology.
- Bell, J.D. and Pankhurst, R.J. 1979 : The Interpretation of Igneous Rocks. John Wiley and Sons.
- M. 1989 : Igneous Petrogenesis.

Paper-IX : Remote sensing and exploration geology

Note : The paper will contain nine questions having three questions from each section, candidates are required to attempt five questions in all selecting at least one question from each section.

Section A

Photogeology, Photogrammetry : types and geometry of Aerial Photograph, Map and Aerial Photographs; Photographic Flight Principles; Stereoscropy, Vertical Exaggeration; Elements of Aerial Photo-Interpretation; Photomosaic, application of Aerial Photographs in Geology, Geomorphology, Mineral & Petroleum Exploration, Water Resources Management, Urban Planning, Geo-Engineering and Environmental Studies

Section B

Remote Sensing - Definition, Development in Remote Sensing at Home and Abroad Principles of Remote Sensing, Physical basis of Remote Sensing, Data Products, Visual Interpretation of Remote Sensing Data, Remote Sensing application in Mineral Exploration, Water exploration, Water Resource Management, soil studies, Land use & land cover studies, Natural Hazard Management and Environmental Studies, Elements of Digital Interpretation; Basics of Geographic Information System (GIS)

Section C

Elements of ore search and ore guides, surface prospecting methods; exploratory drilling; drill hole logging, deviation of bore holes; Geochemical prospecting, concept of anomaly, Geochemical cycle, mobility and association of elements, Geochemical tracers and isotopes, Primary and Secondary dispersion patterns, Geophysical prospecting - concept and application of seismic, gravity, magnetic, electrical and radioactivity methods. Classification of reserves; calculation of resources grade and tonnage relationship.

Practical :

Familiarity with photogeology and satellite data products
Familiarity with photogeology and satellite data interpretation instruments.

Transfer of principal and conjugate points; determination of scale; interpretation of aerial photographs and satellite data for various applications such as hydrogeomorphology, geomorphology, geology, and land use & land cover, drainage and gully pattern, soil type identification, urban planning and environmental studies.

Numerical and map interpretation of seismic, gravity, magnetic and electrical data.

Book recommended

- Miller V.C. 1961 Photogeology McGraw hills.
 - Sabbins F.F. 1985 Remote Sensing - Principles and Applications Freeman.
 - Drury S.A. 1987 Image Interpretation in Geology Allen and Unwin
 - Drury S.A. 1987 Image and Application of Photogeology Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
 - Wolf P.R. 1974 Elements of Photogrammetry McGraw Hill
 - Sharma P.V. 1986 Geophysical Methods in Geology Elsevier
 - Dobrin M.B. 1976 Introduction to Geophysical Prospection, McGraw Hill
 - Arogyaswami RNP 1980 Courses in Mining Geology, Oxford, New Delhi.
- Paper-X : Element of Engineering Geology,
Mining Geology and ore Dressing

Note : The paper will contain nine questions having three question from each section, candidates are required to attempt five question in all selecting at least one question from each section.

Section A

Application of geology in planning, designing and construction of civil engineering projects. Engineering properties of rocks specific gravity, porosity, absorption, compressive and shear strength

Rocks as construction material previous and impervious soils, aggregates

Dams classification, terminology, types of spillways, Forces acting on dams, Geological investigations for dam site selection, geological mapping, trial pits, drilling, geophysical methods, their interpretation. Dam failure, leakage, sliding and settlement Foundation treatment, grouting, Tunnels : classification and nomenclature, geological exploration for tunnel alignment, tunnel supports and lining

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groundwater in tunnels, in hilly terrains. Landslides Types, process
of landslides, landslide prevention and remedial measures.

Section B

Elements of alluvial mining.

Outlines of open cast mining, Benching method, stripping, ratio,
overburden removal, advantages and disadvantages. Under ground
mining methods; Mine development, mine terminology, stopping
method. Underground drilling machines, Explosives : their types and
uses. Blasting techniques, blast hole patterns, blast hole
distribution.

Methods of sampling, drill hole samples, chip and channel
sampling. Preparing samples for analysis.

Section C

Concept of ore dressing, its technical necessity. Physical
processes used in ore dressing.

Advantages of ore dressing. Comminution practice : Jaw, gyratory
crushers, their principle and uses; types of grinding mills
Methods of sulfide beneficiation, concept of froth floatation.

Classification : sink - float techniques, gravity separation
methods. Process of coal washing. Heavy media separation,
hydrostatic & Magnetic Separation.

Practical :

Survey by Plane Table and Prismatic Compass and Theodolite.
Leveling and countouring by Dumpy Level and profile drawing by
level.

Books Recommended :

- Rangaswamy, R.N.P. 1996 Courses in Mining Geology. Oxford IBH. Clark,
- B. 1957 Mining Geology. John Wiley.
- Krynine, D.H. and Judd, W.R., 1998 Principles of Engineering Geology. CBS
Publishers.
- Sriniva, P.V 1997 Environmental and Engineering geophysics. Cambridge
Press.
- Kulkarni K.V.G.K. 1980 Experiments in Engineering Geology
- S.K. 1986 Ore Processing Oxford and IBH Publishing

Field Training :

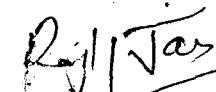
Field studies of outcrops of Igneous and Metamorphic rocks and
economic mineral deposits. The duration of field training should
be for three weeks.

Field training of mining methods with emphasis on geological
controls of mineralization and mining. The duration of the
training should be for two weeks.

Field studies/training is compulsory and students not taking part
in the training shall not be allowed to appear in the examination.

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9


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